

# **Application of spatial quantitative methods to study the dynamics of relations between socioeconomic and natural systems**

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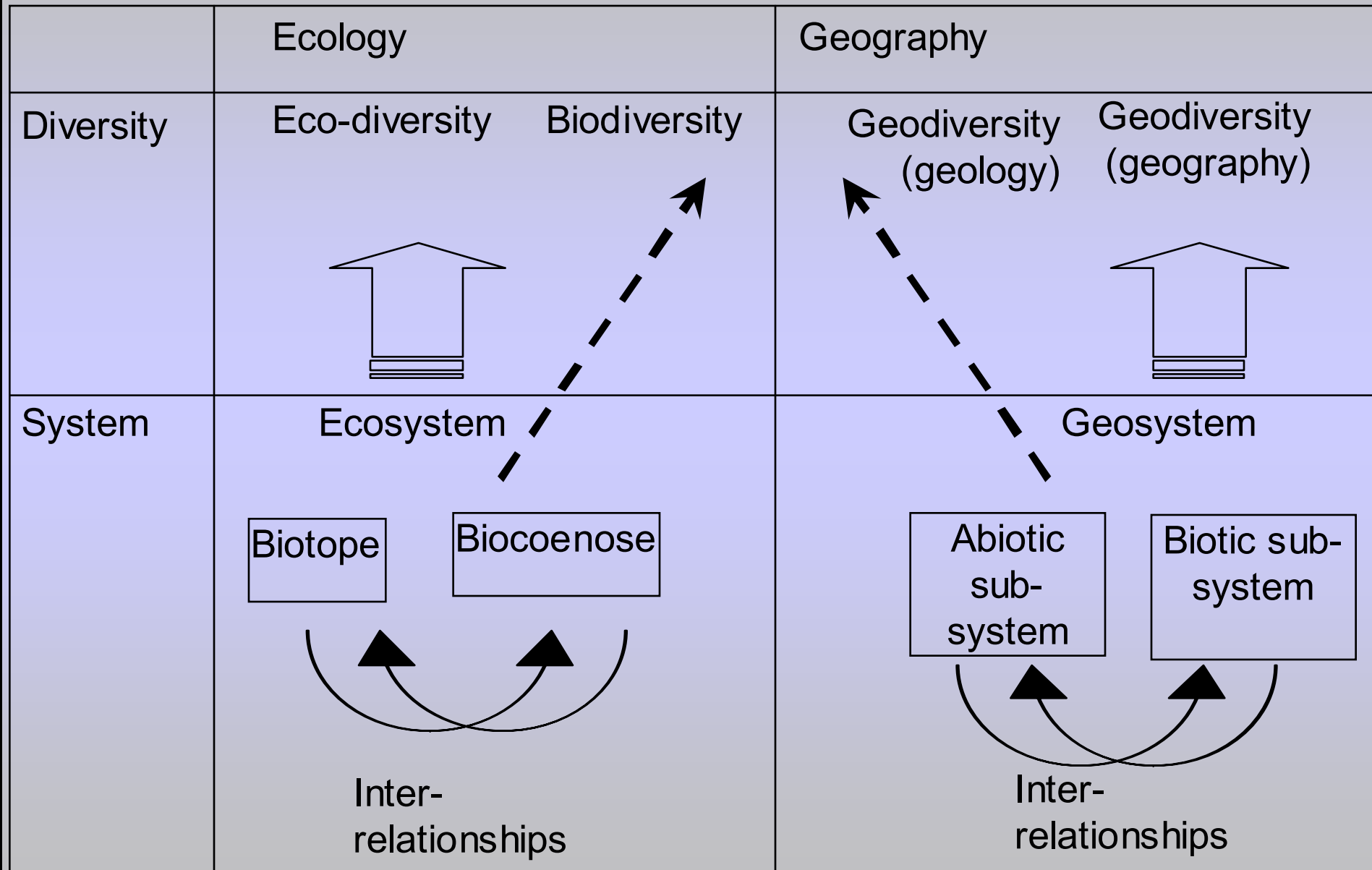
# Research directions

- *‘Application of spatial quantitative methods to study dynamics of relationships between socioeconomic and natural systems’*
  - D1. Theoretical issues: natural & man-dominated systems
    - Ecology of territorial systems
    - Microbial Geographical Information System
    - Transformation of former military units into entrepreneurial centers
    - Relationship between ecology and theology
  - D2. Methodological elements for D1
    - Spatial statistics, geo- and biostatistics
    - Management of electronic health records
  - D3. Educational principles and methods for D1 & D2

# Ecology of territorial systems: Personal views

- Basic principles: systemic approach, critical reasoning, quantitative & spatial thinking
- System: functional structure
  - Structure: elements & relationships
- Diversity as a key feature of systems
  - Spatial interpretation
- Urban systems vs. ecosystems
- Temporal & spatial scale of landscapes
- Extension of 'land use' to natural systems

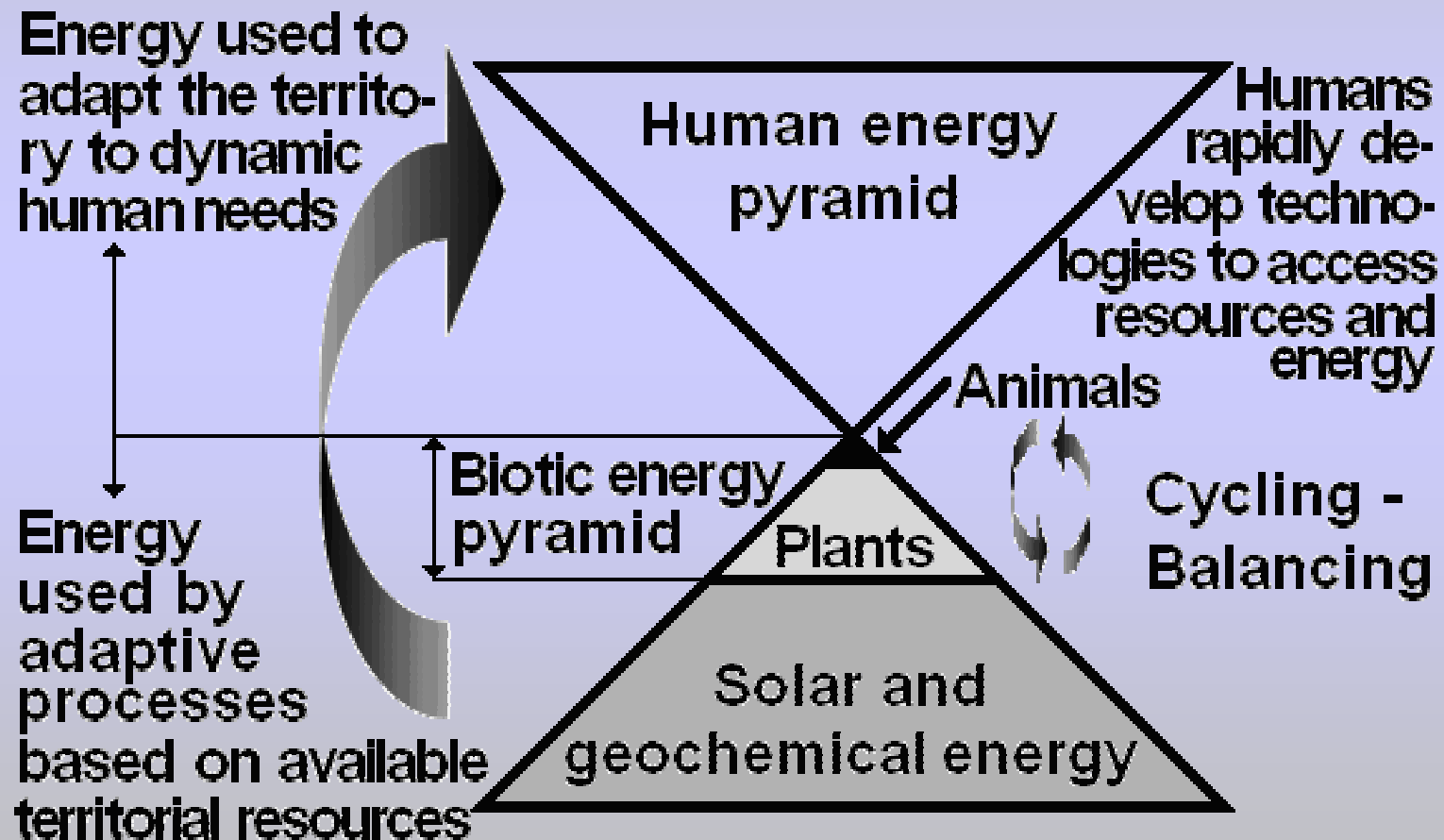
# Ecology of territorial systems: Diversity



*Ecology of territorial systems: Correspondence of the hierarchies of systems in geography, ecology and spatial planning and spatial diversity*

<i>Hierarchy of ecological systems</i>	<i>Hierarchy of geographic systems</i>	<i>Hierarchy of territorial systems</i>	<i>Spatial diversity</i>
Structural & functional subunits of ecosystems	Nano- & micro-structures, house/ block, company/ unit/ section, street/street segment	-	$\alpha, \omega$
Ecosystem	Geosystem, geofacies, geotope, local system	NUTS V (LAU II)	$\alpha, \omega$
Regional ecological complex	Natural region, geographical region, regional system	NUTS III	$\beta, \gamma, \omega$
Macro-regional ecological complex	Domain, zone, national/ supra-national, continental system	NUTS II/ I, national territory, continent	$\gamma, \delta, \varepsilon, \omega$
Ecosphere	Geosphere, planetary system	Globe	$\omega$

# Ecology of territorial systems: Reverted energy pyramid



*Ecology of territorial systems: Spatial approach to diversity based on the Nomenclature of Territorial Units for Statistics*

<i>Diversity</i>	<i>NUTS levels</i>			
	<i>I</i>	<i>II</i>	<i>III</i>	<i>IV-V/ LAU I-II</i>
Hydro-geomorphologic units (relief)	x	x	x (by case)	
Biogeographical regions	x	x		
Ecological regions	x	x	x (by case)	
Types of ecosystems and/or habitats	CORINE I Anderson 1	CORINE I/II Anderson 1	CORINE II Anderson 2	CORINE III Anderson 2
x – indicates that diversity can be approached at a given spatial scale.				

**Geography**

**Functions**

**Structure**

**Ecology**

*Geodiversity*

**Functional  
diversity**

**Structural  
diversity**

*Ecodiversity*

*Biodiversity*

*Variability*

*Pedo-  
diversity*

*Heterogeneity*

*Geodiversity*

***Ethno-cultural diversity***

*Living  
Non-living*

*Territorial  
diversity*

**Spatial  
perspective**

*Quantitative  
Qualitative*  
**Statistics**

***Natural  
systems***

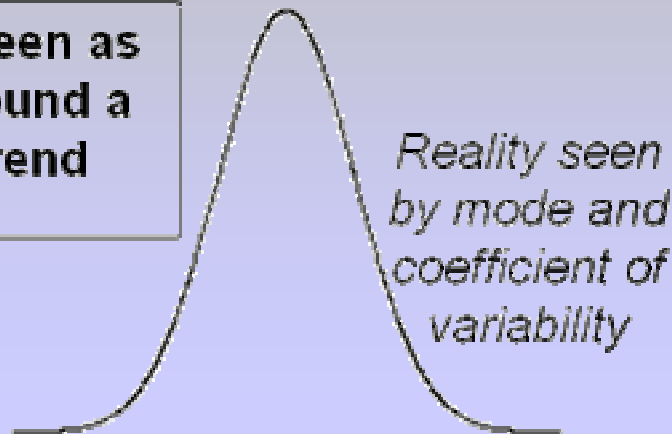
***Man-dominated  
systems***

**Diversity**

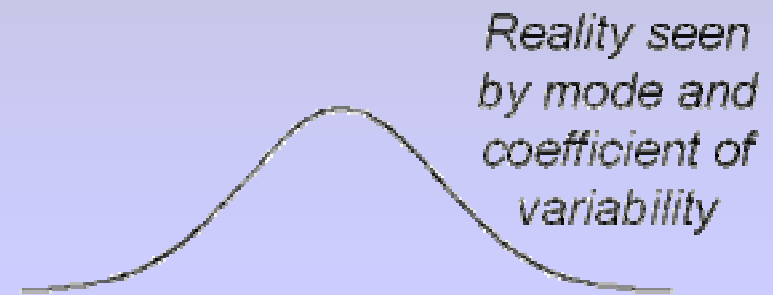


# Ecology of territorial systems: Diversity

**Diversity seen as scatter around a central trend**

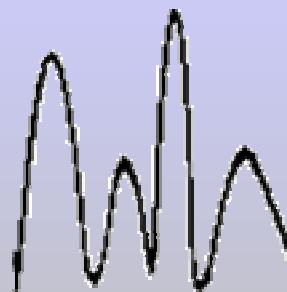


Maximum homogeneity expressed by unique mode and low coefficient of variability

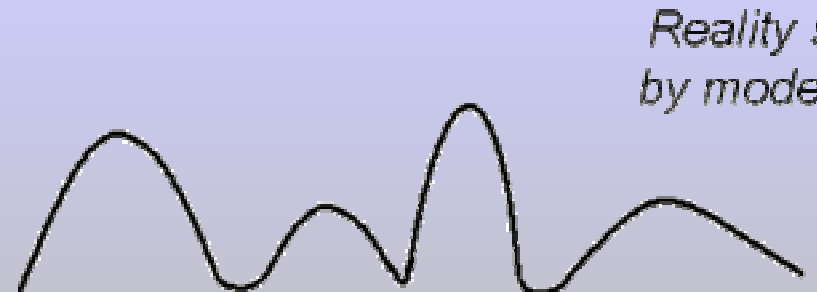


Homogeneity expressed by unique mode, heterogeneity by low coefficient of variability

**Diversity as a collection of homogeneities**

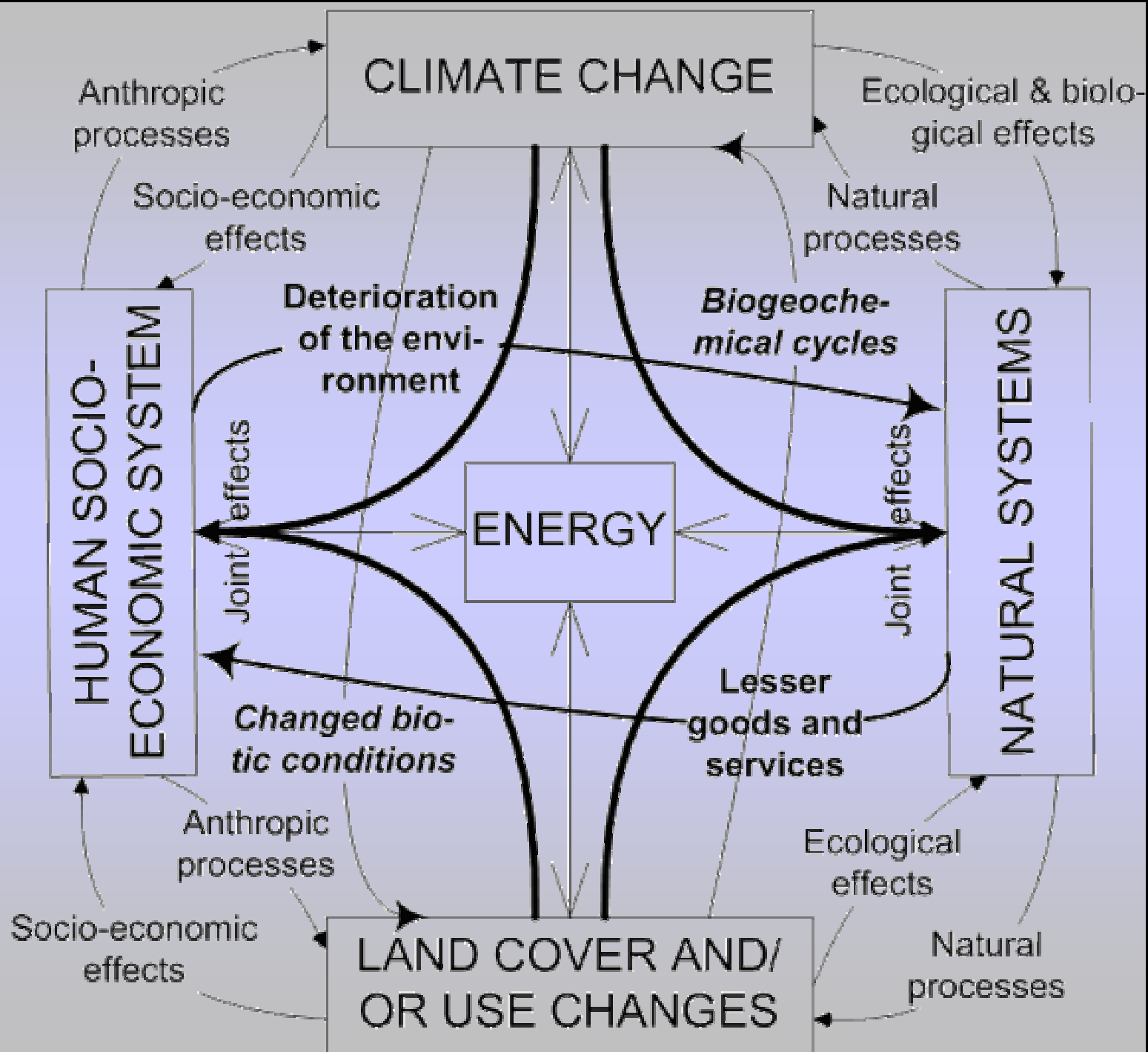


Heterogeneity expressed by more modes, but a low coefficient of variability



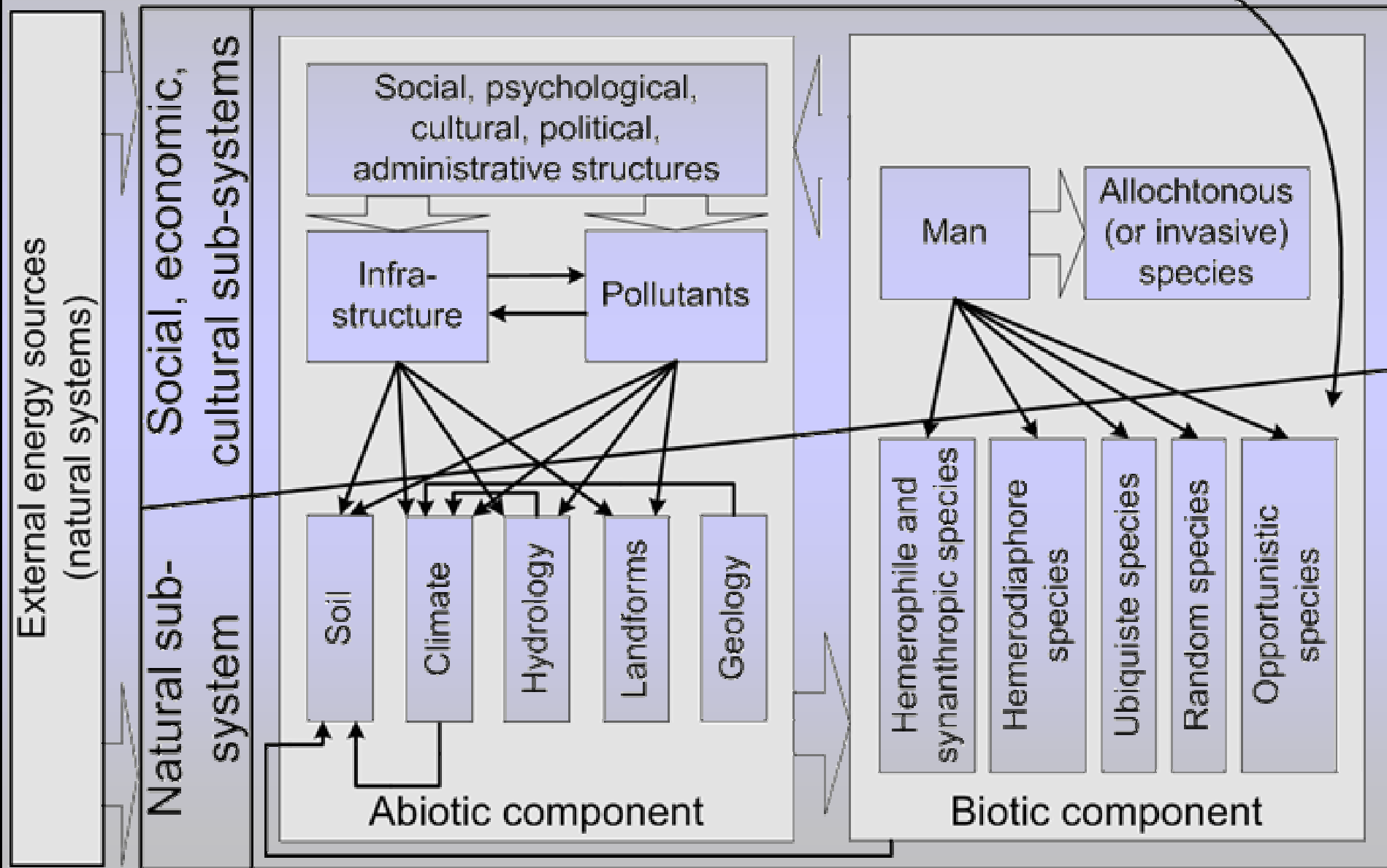
Maximum heterogeneity expressed by more modes and a high coefficient of variability

Ecology  
of  
territorial  
systems:  
Human  
impact

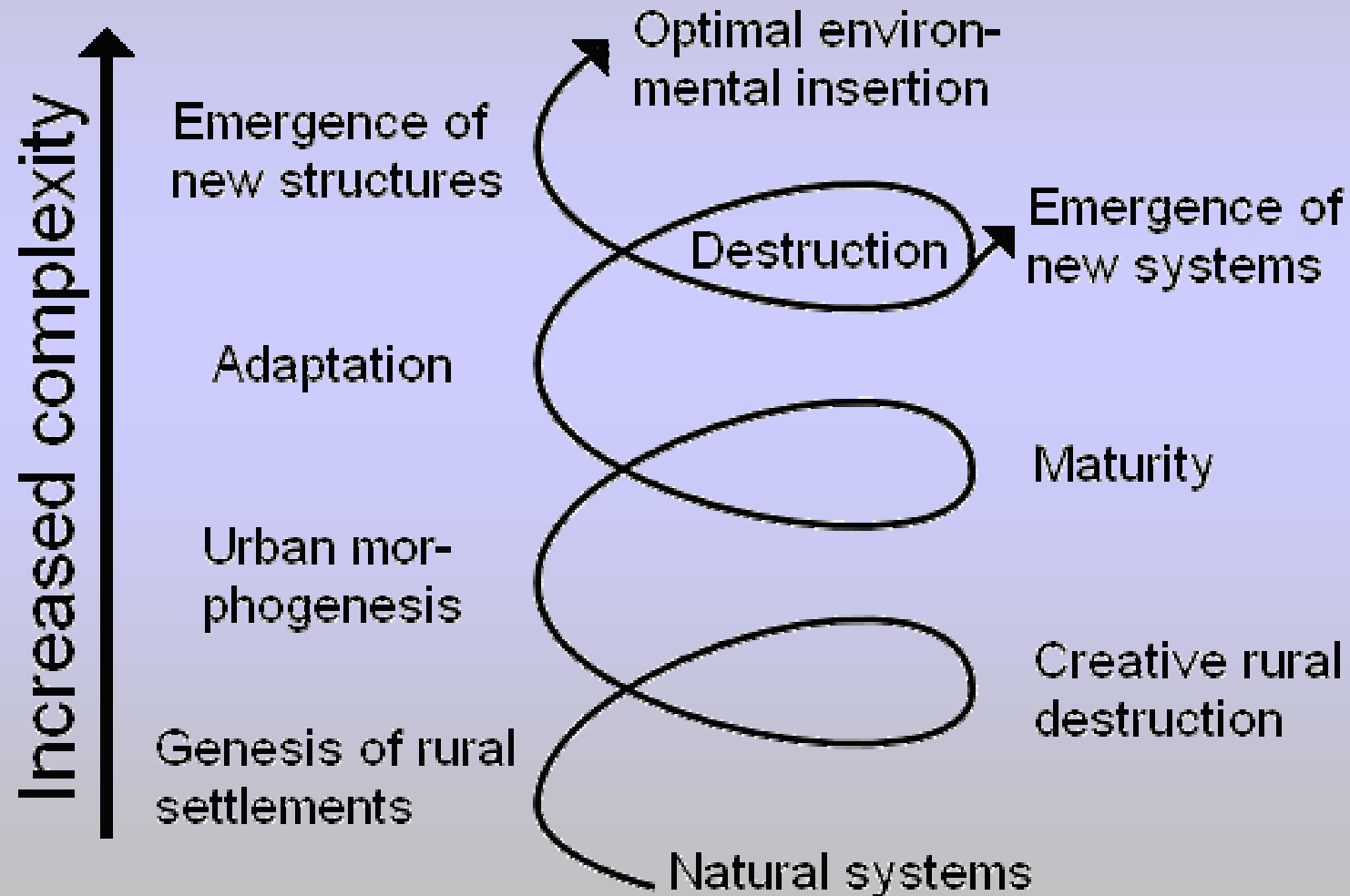


# Human systems

Solar energy



# Ecology of territorial systems: Dynamics of human systems



## Conceptual framework: holistic approach

The environment as hierarchy of organized systems

Socio-ecological systems as functional structures

Sustainable development: co-development of socioeconomic systems and natural capital

Socioeconomic system as a parasite of natural systems (energy and resources)

Conservation of resources by exploitation within environmental carrying capacity limits

Ecology of territorial systems:  
Sustainability

Past: ecological restoration

Present: impact assessment, internalization of externalities

Future: conservation of biodiversity

**SUSTAINABLE DEVELOPMENT**

**Practical side**

**Theoretical side**

Application for projects, policies and strategies

Satisfaction of present and future needs at equal rates

Integration of socioeconomic, ecological and cultural aspects

**Territorial dimension**

Focus on human individuals and communities

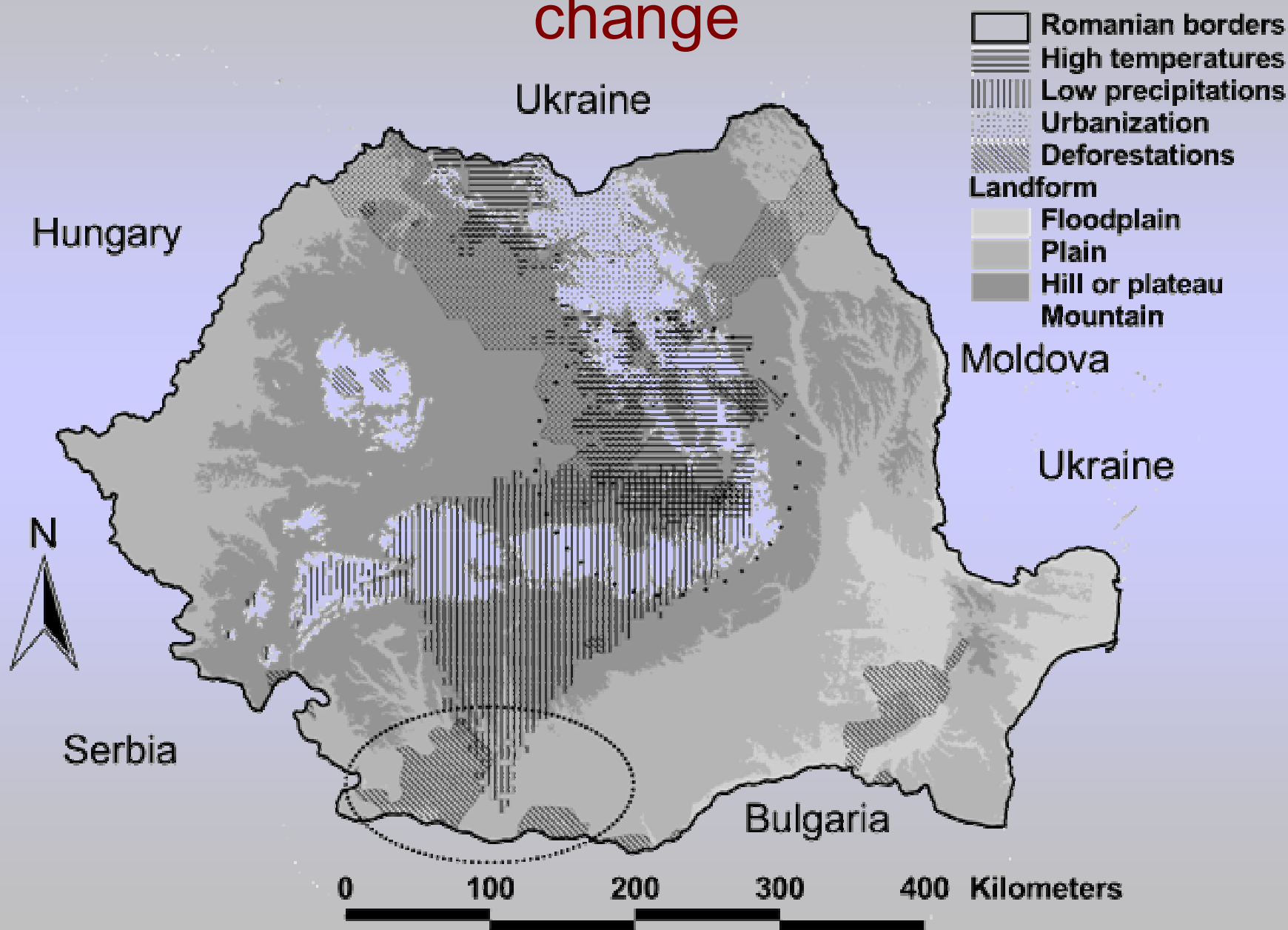
Approach at community, local, microregional, national, macroregional, global levels

Cohesion

Policentricity

Preservation of identities

# Research on the territorial effects of climate change



Temperatures exceeding current maximum values for all regions

New steppic zone

Current biogeographical regions

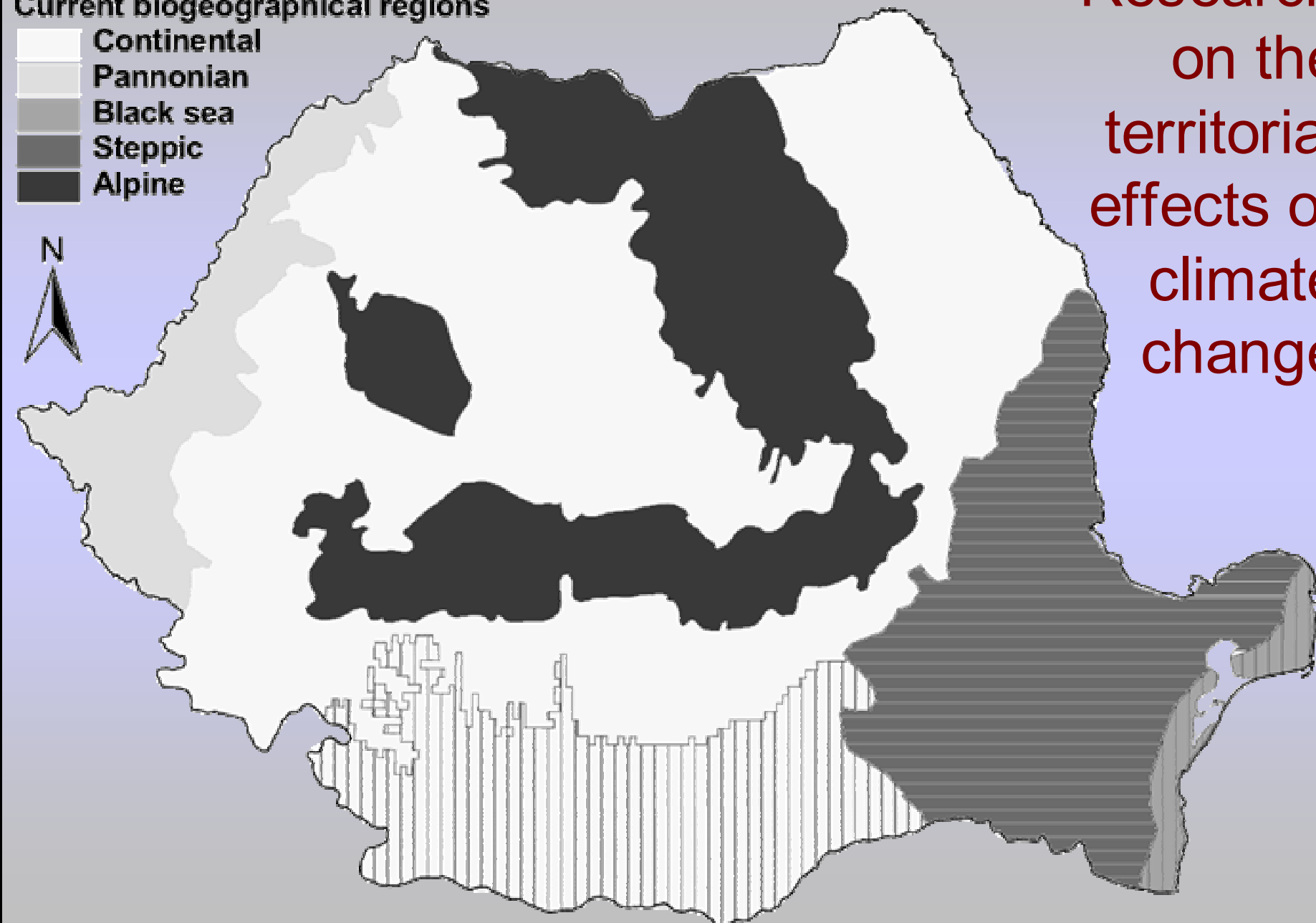
Continental

Pannonian

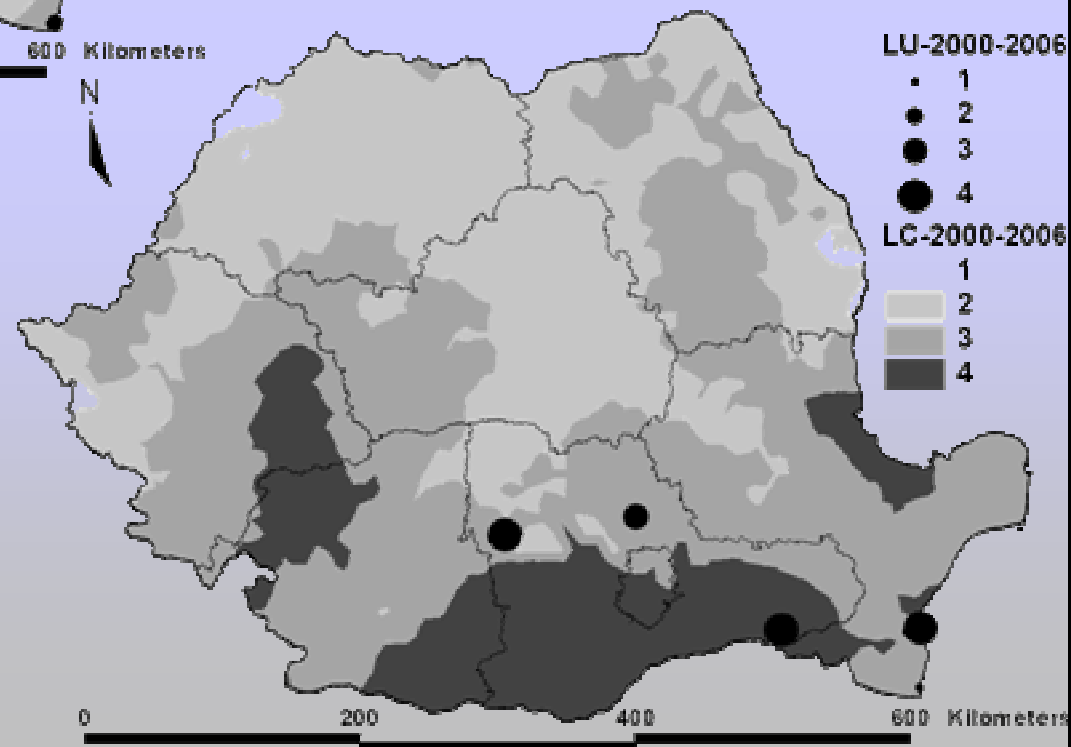
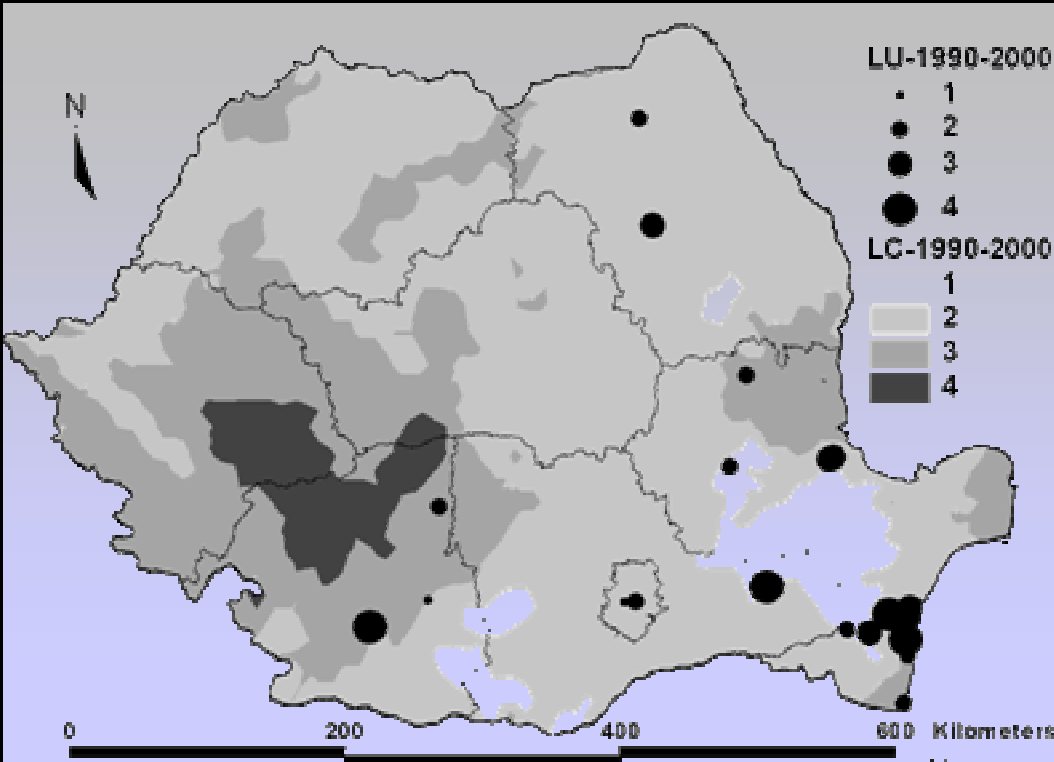
Black sea

Steppic

Alpine



# Research on urban development analyzed via LC&U changes

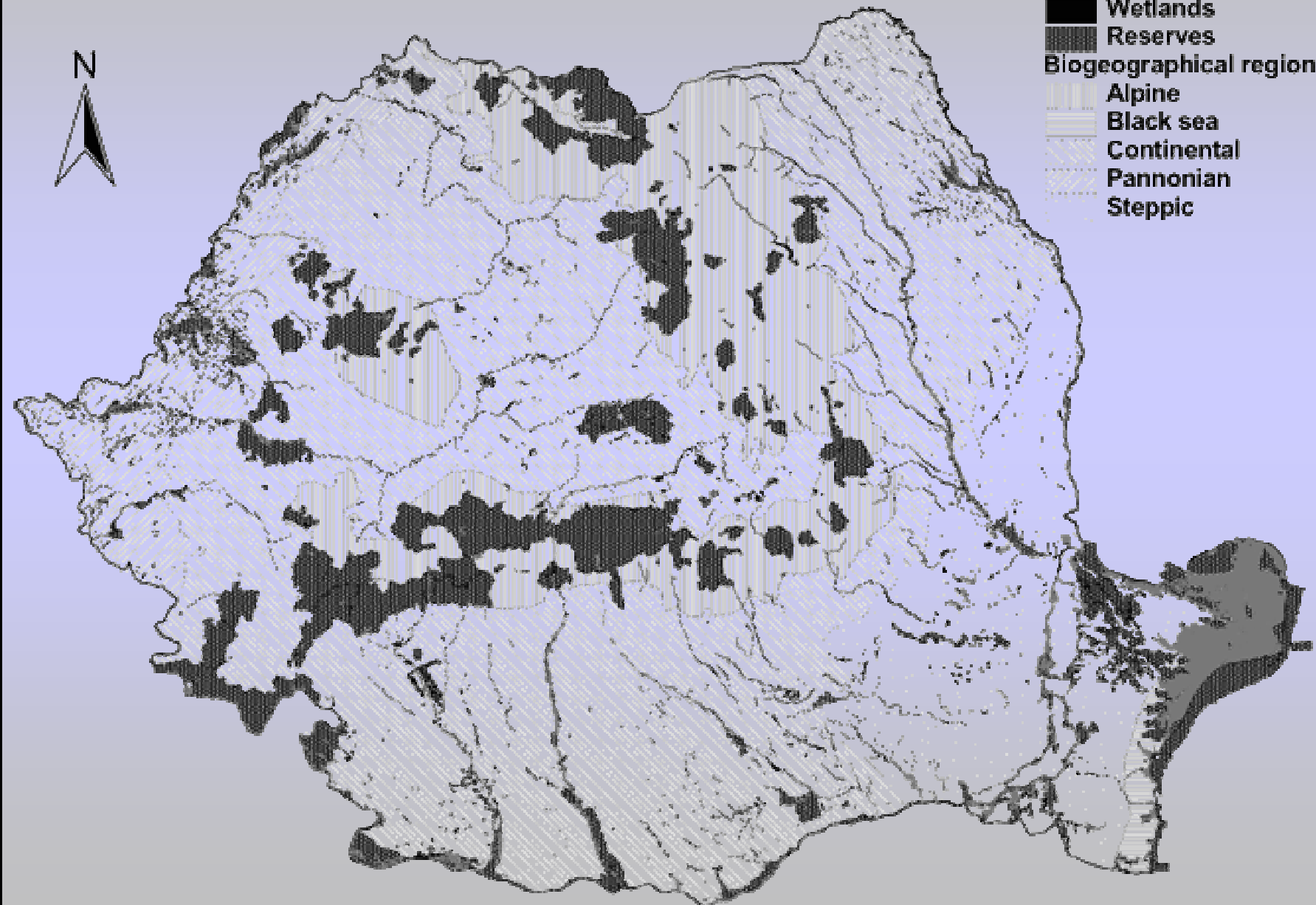




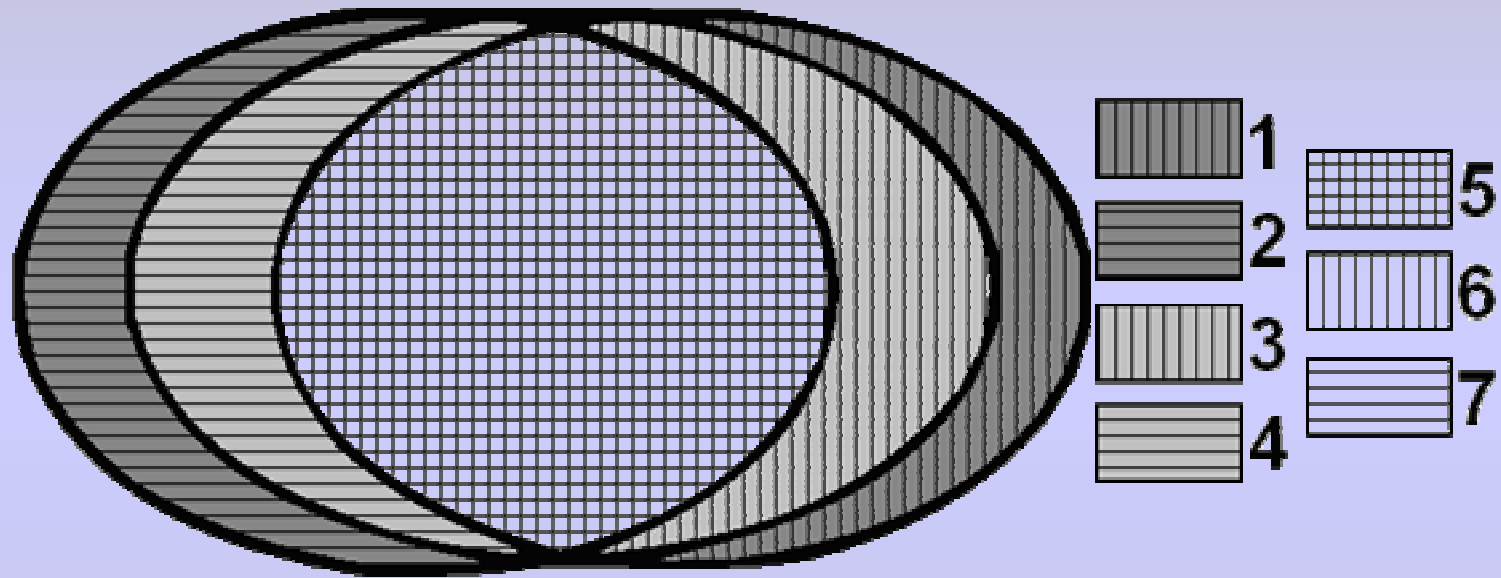
# Conservation of biodiversity



- Wetlands within reserves
- Wetlands
- Reserves
- Biogeographical regions
  - Alpine
  - Black sea
  - Continental
  - Pannonian
  - Steppic



# Geostatistical methods: Redefining the concept

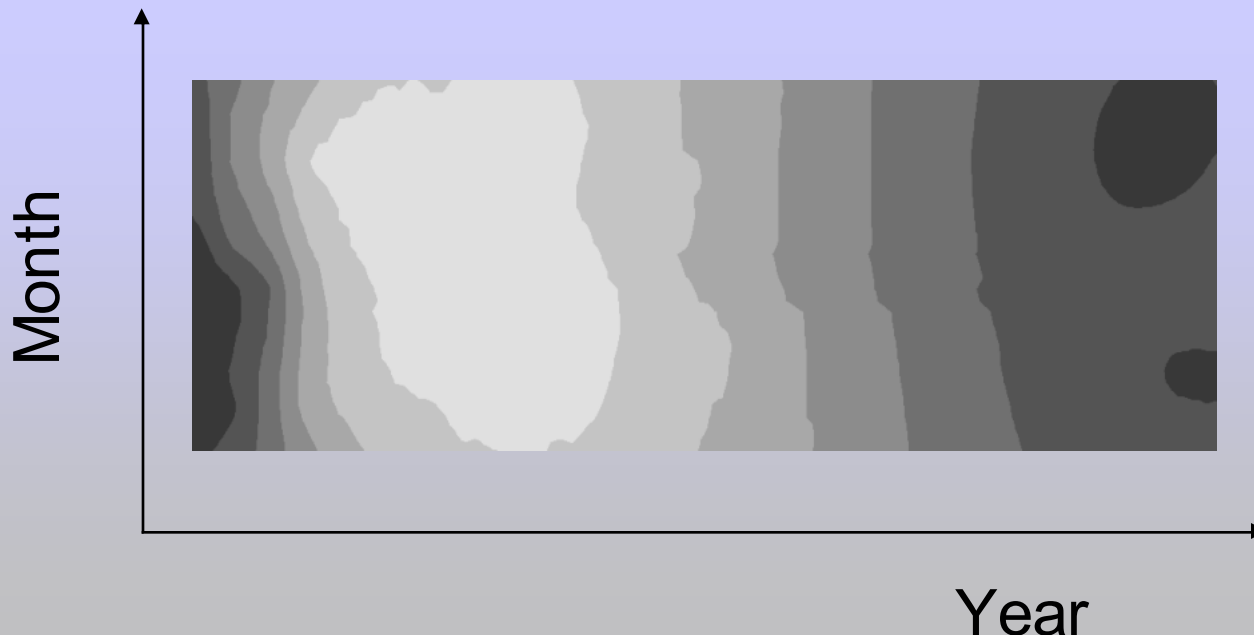


*Hierarchy of geographical, statistical and geostatistical methods: (1) “pure” statistical methods; (2) “pure” geographical methods; (3) very abstract geostatistical methods, belonging more to statistics; (4) less abstract geostatistical methods, belonging more to geography; (5) geostatistical methods equally distanced from statistics and geography – interference area; (6) statistical methods; (7) geographical methods*

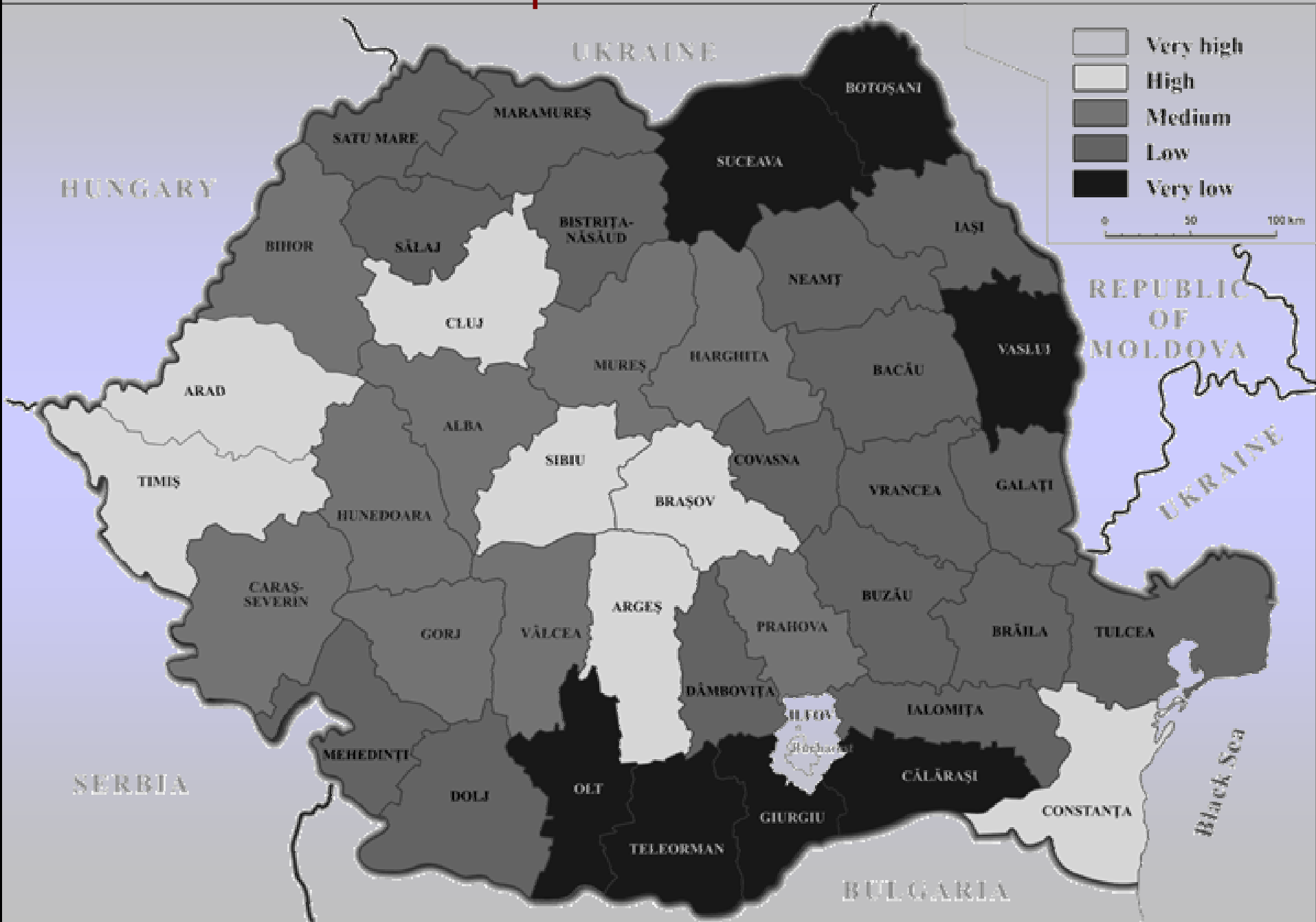
# Methodological developments

- Regression of individual units
- Geo-statistical analysis of time series
- Potential accessibility
- Path efficiency
- Principal Component Analysis integrated with GIS

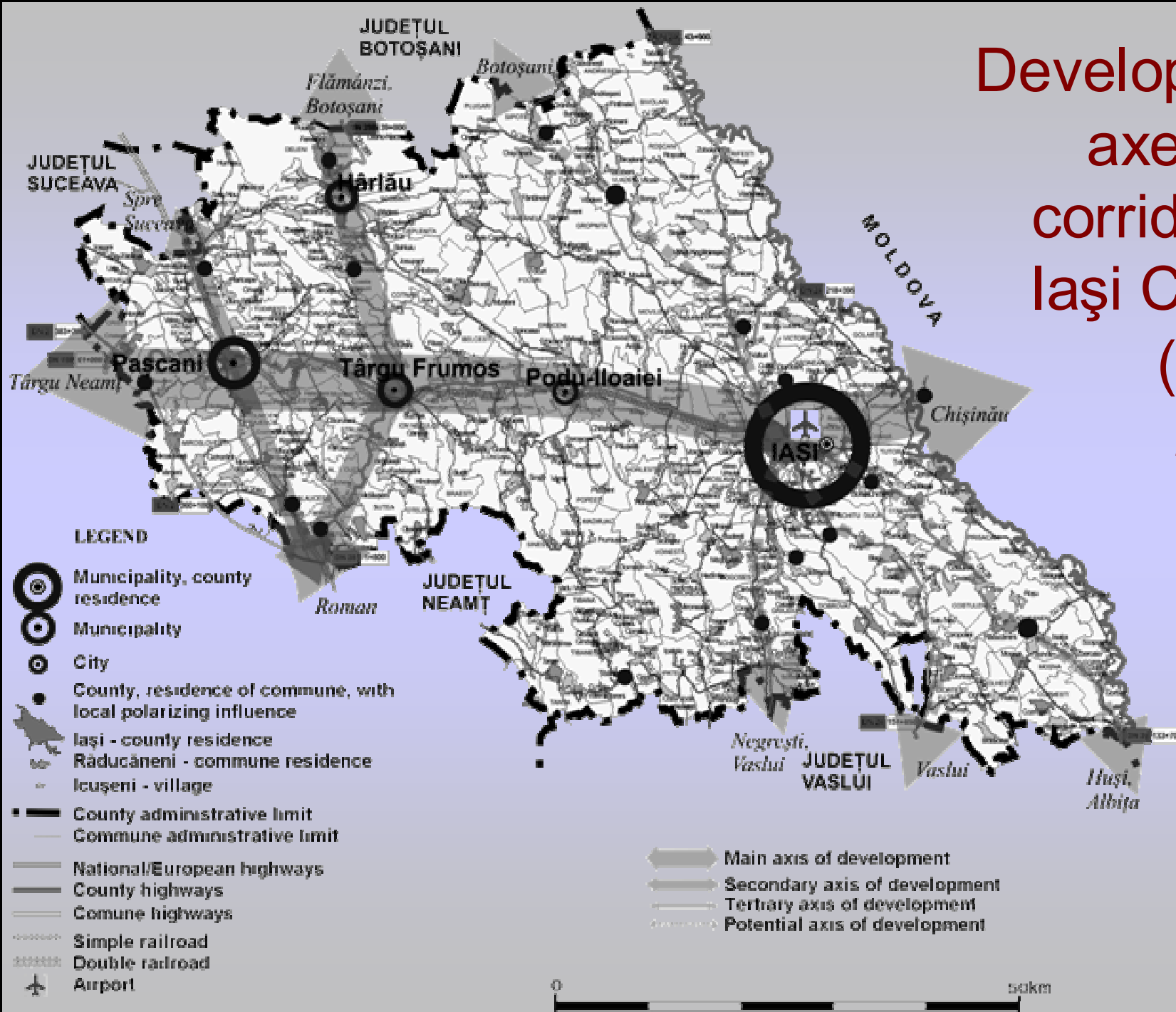
Species richness in Merhei Lake (DD)



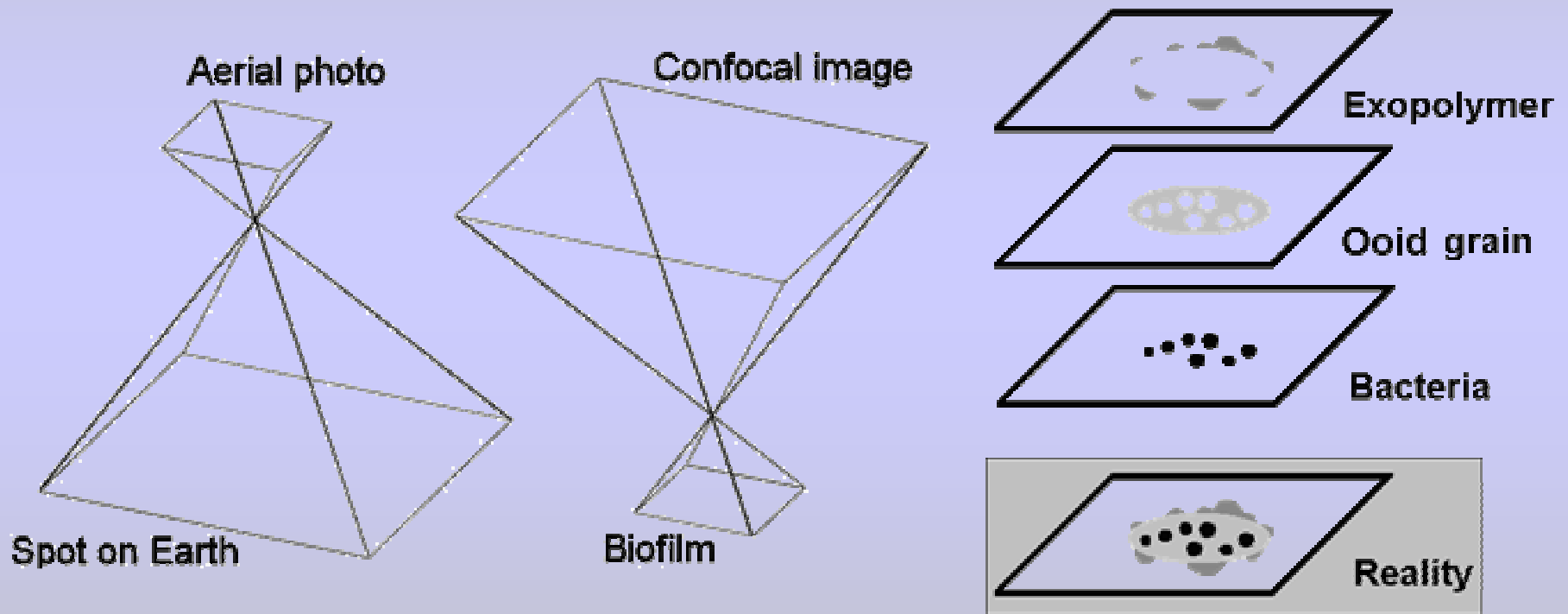
# Development in Romania



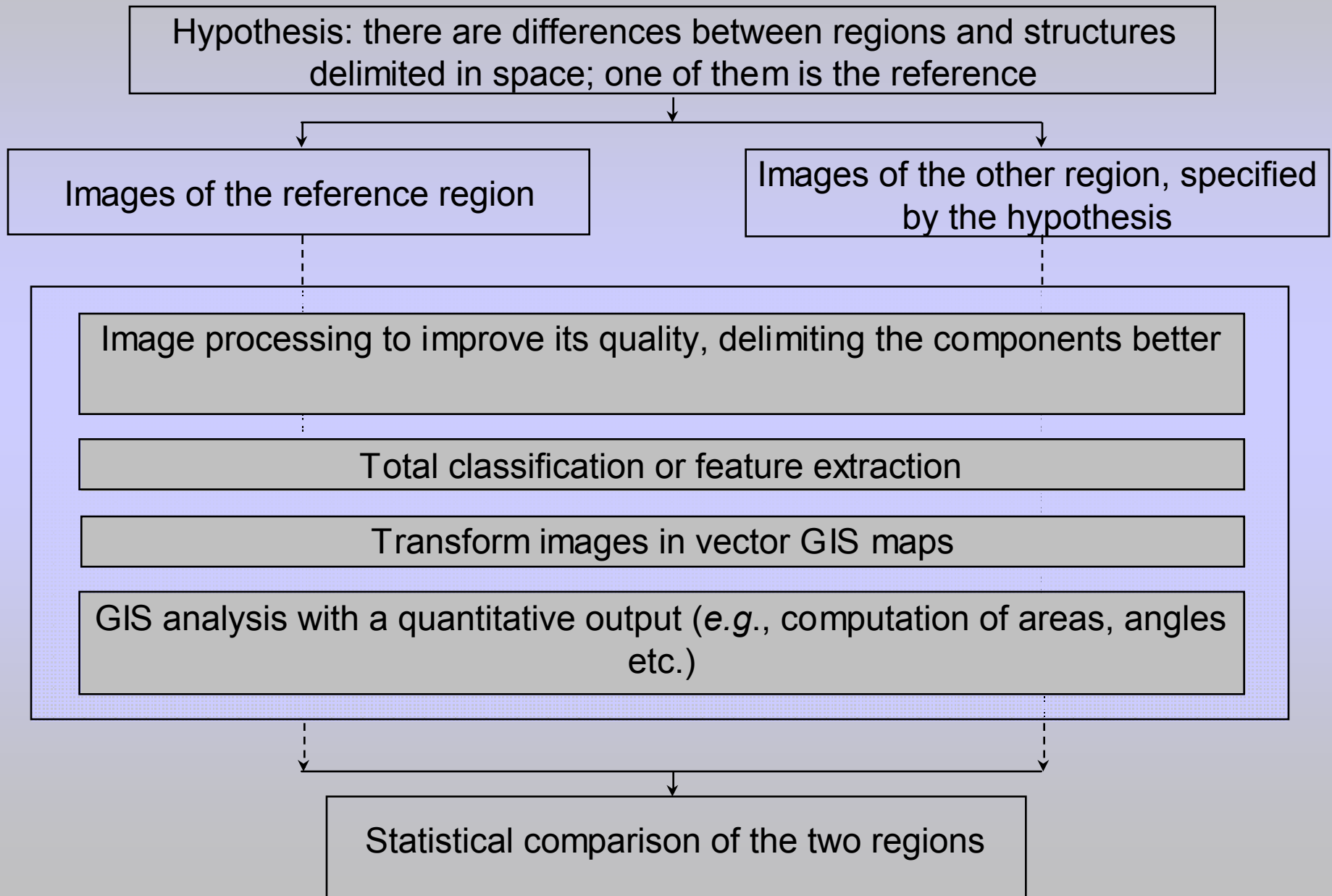
# Development axes and corridors in Iași County (Iurea, 2011)



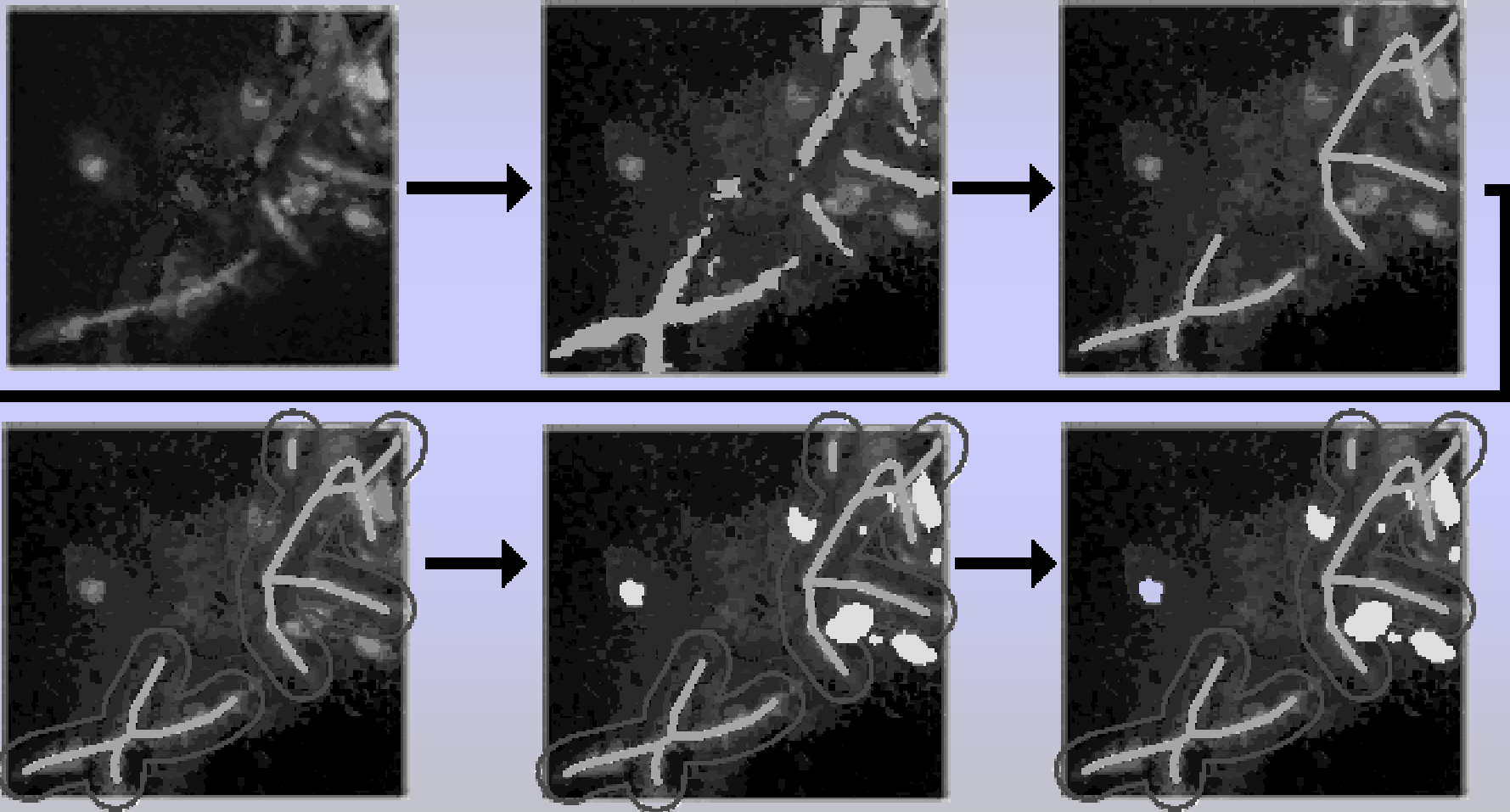
# Microbial Geographical Information System: Theoretical background



# Microbial Geographical Information System: Methodology



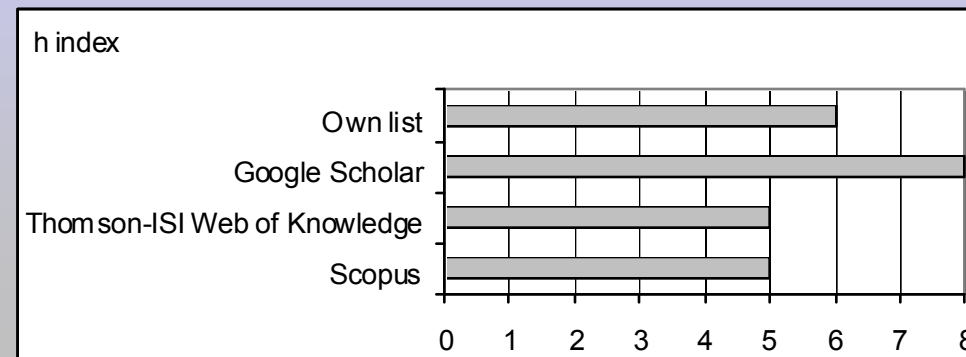
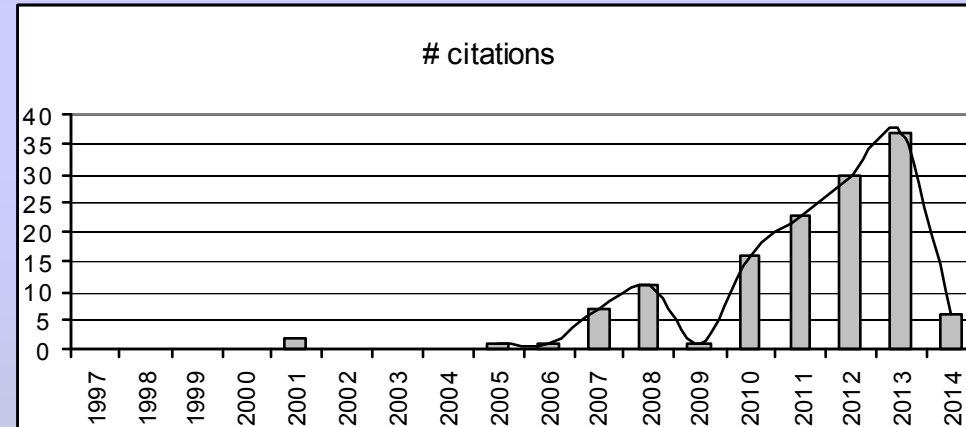
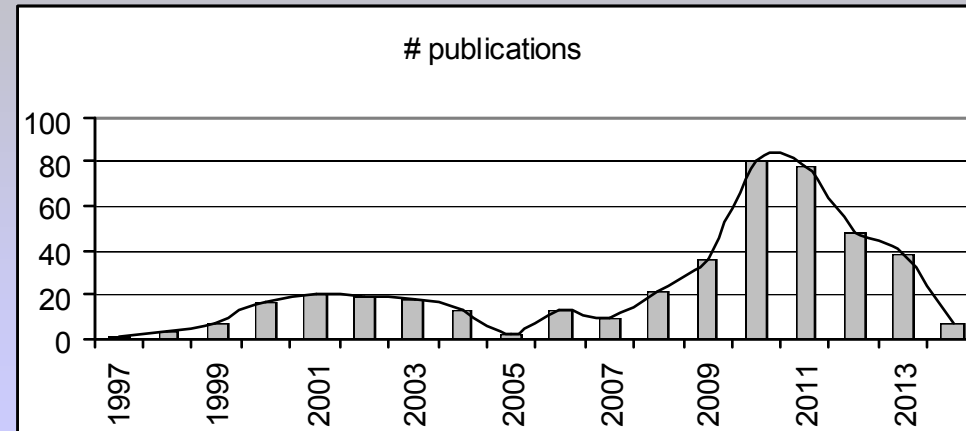
# Microbial Geographical Information System: Results





# Summary

- Metrics (February 14, 2014)
  - 270 printed papers
    - 126 journal papers (110 cit., 29 mentions, 232 index.)
    - 29 books/chapters (14 cit., 23 mentions, 19 index.)
    - 5 theses (6 cit., 13 index.)
    - 22 conference papers (3 cit., 5 index.)
    - 65 conference abstracts (26 index.)
    - 3 Internet articles
    - 3 Internet abstracts
    - 17 research reports
  - 212 presentations
    - 28 posters (1 cit.)
    - 94 conference presentations (1 cit., 17 mentions)
    - 7 public presentations
    - 83 courses/lectures
  - 27 plans
  - 1 paper in progress



# Future directions: Principles

## Teaching

- Finding solutions to create quality
- Sending more students abroad
- Improving and updating my courses
- Promoting multi-, inter, and trans-disciplinary approaches

## Research

- Integrating trans-disciplinary approaches
- Better subordination of teaching to research
- Completing all projects

# Future directions: Projects

• Ecology of Human Settlements	☑	Petrișor AI (2014), <i>Ecology &amp; Sustainability of Territorial Systems</i> , “Ion Mincu” University Press
• Applied statistics	☑	Ongoing / depends on collaborators; Polish study
• Research approach and methods II	☑	Petrișor AI (2014), <i>Research approach and methods. Second revised and extended edition</i> , “Ion Mincu” University Press
• Research on climate change impacts & bio-diversity at a large scale	☑	Grant submitted in 2013 competition, results due in 2013: “ <i>Geographical Information System (GIS) for monitoring the dynamics of biodiversity within urban areas</i> ” – URBIOGIS
• Research on microbial ecology	☑	Petrișor AI, Szyjka S, Kawaguchi T, Visscher P, Norman S, Decho AW (2014), <i>Changing Microspatial Patterns of Sulfate-Reducing Microorganisms (SRM) During Cycling of Marine Stromatolite Mats</i> , International Journal of Molecular Sciences (ISSN 1422-0067, IF=2.464), accepted with minor revisions
• New research areas	☑	Energy
• Third doctoral degree	☑	Habilitation in urban planning
• Editorial activity	☑	Research for Sustainable Settlements

# Future directions: Advertisement

Senior researcher, holder of two PhDs (Ecology & Geography) and a Habilitation Attestation in Urban Planning, without any political affiliation, searching for a serious university able to allow for my career development through a position fitted to my professional achievements and aspirations. Serious offers only, please.

Thank you for your attention  
and

Welcome your questions.